GALATIANS Chapt 2 COMMANDMENTS STILL REMAIN; Jesus and the Apostles - attach 3

Defending Commandments From Obsolescence

God's Spirit enables us to obey His laws.

Christ came as God's sign of the New Covenant. Heb 8:6. God tells us that He altered the original covenant in making "a better covenant, which was established on better promises" Heb 8:6. But not established on different MORAL laws. The (commandments) stayed the same.

In the Old, there was a weakness, fault with the people, not with the "works/law". Finding fault with them, He says: 'Behold, the days are coming, says the Lord, when I will make a New Covenant with the house of Israel and with the house of Judah'" Heb 8:8. Because the people "did not continue in My covenant, and I disregarded them, says the Lord" Heb 8:9.

God wrote the law in stone. It was in their literature but not their hearts. In the New, God writes the law on our hearts. Heb 8:10; Jer 31:33-34. They went through the motions of rituals, but failed grand-scale badly in keeping laws. They didn't appreciate and enjoy serving God.

In the New, God places his will IN us, to **internalize His law** — to love and obey Him eagerly, willingly. God promises: "I will give you a new heart and put a new spirit within you; I will take the heart of stone out of your flesh and give you a heart of flesh. I will put My Spirit within you and cause you to walk in My statutes, and you will keep My judgments and do them" **Ezek 36:26-27**. God's Spirit enables His people to obey His laws. **This is an enormous do-over second chance**.

People lacking the Holy Spirit are incapable of wholehearted obedience. "Because the carnal mind is enmity against God; for it is not subject to the law of God, nor indeed can it be. So then, those who are in the flesh cannot please God" Rom 8:7-8.

How Old Covenant and the New Covenant differ; Paul explains "what the law could not do in that it was weak through the flesh" Jesus in flesh overcame the flesh and "condemned sin [lawlessness] in the flesh, that the righteous requirement of the law might be fulfilled in us who do not walk according to the flesh but according to the Spirit" Rom 8:3-4; 1 Jn 3:4. A fault with the people, not with the law.

Romans 8:4, says: "God's purpose in 'condemning' sin was that His law's requirement might be fulfilled in us, that is, that His law might be established in the sense of at last being truly and sincerely obeyed — the fulfillment of the promises of Jer 31:33 and Ezek 36:26.1."

Jer 31:33-34 is often misunderstood as a new law to replace the old or else as a promise of a religion without law at all! The new *thing* promised in v. 33 is neither. It is an opportunity to have a sincere inward desire and determination on the part of all God's people to want to obey the law already given to them..."

Passages in the New Testament confirm, either explicitly or by example, that Jesus Christ and the apostles taught that Commandments Deut. 5:6 are a necessary part of Christian living.

First Commandment:

Matthew 4:10; Matthew 22:37-38.

Second Commandment:

1 John 5:21; 1 Corinthians 6:9; 1 Corinthian 10:7, 1 Corinthian 10:14; Ephesians 5:5.

Third Commandment:

Matthew 5:33-34; Matthew 7:21-23; Luke 11:2; 1 Timothy 6:1.

Fourth Commandment:

Luke 4:16; Acts 13:14, Acts 13:42, Acts 13:44; Acts 16:13; Acts 17:2; Acts 18:4; Hebrews 4:4;

Hebrews 4:9.

Fifth Commandment:

Matthew 15:3-6; Matthew 19:17-19; Ephesians 6:2-3.

Sixth Commandment:

Matthew 5:21-22; Matthew 19:17-18; Romans 13:9, Galatians 5:19-21; James 2:10-12.

Seventh Commandment:

Matthew 5:27- 28; Matthew 19:17-18; Romans 13:9; 1 Corinthians 6:9; 1 Corinthians 10:8; Ephesians 5:5; Galatians 5:19-21; James 3:10-12.

Eighth Commandment:

Matthew 19:17-18; Romans 13:9, Ephesians 4:28.

Ninth Commandment:

Matthew 19:17-18; Romans 13:9; Colossians 3:9; Ephesians 4:25.

Tenth Commandment:

Luke 12:15; Romans 7:7; Romans 13:9; Ephesians 5:3; Ephesians 5:5.